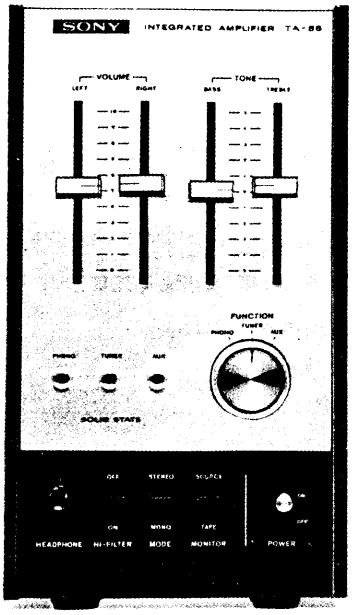
ISO

Set using ISO screws

TA-88

UK and AEP Model



SPECIFICATIONS

POWER AMPLIFIER SECTION

Dynamic power: 60 watts, both channels operating; 4 ohms.
40 watts, both channels operating; 8 ohms.

RMS power: 18 watts, per channel, both channels operating; 4 ohms.
13 watts, per channel, both channels operating; 8 ohms.

Rated output: 11 watts per channel, both channels operating; 8 ohms.

Power band width: 20 Hz to 20 kHz, IHF

Harmonic distortion: Less than 1.0% at rated output (at 1 kHz)

IM distortion: Less than 1.0% at rated output

PREAMPLIFIER SECTION

Frequency response: PHONO: RIAA curve ±1.0 dB
TUNER, AUX, TAPE, REC/PB (input): 15 Hz to 15 kHz ±3 dB

Input sensitivity and impedance:
PHONO: 3 mV 50 k ohms
TUNER, AUX, TAPE, REC/PB (input): 250 mV 50 k ohms

Signal output and output impedance:
REC OUT: 250 mV 10 k ohms
HEADPHONE OUT: 280 mV 270 ohms
REC/PB (output): 30 mV 80 k ohms

GENERAL

Power consumption: 80 watts

Power requirement: 110, 127, 220, 240 V 50/60 Hz, ac

Dimensions: 130 mm (width) x 230 mm (height) x 165 mm (depth)

Net weight: 3.2 kg (7 lb 1 oz)

Shipping weight: 3.8 kg (8 lb 6 oz)

SONY®

SERVICE MANUAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1
TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

1-1. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Technical specifications for the TA-88 are listed in Table 1-1.

TABLE 1-1.
TA-88 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Amplifier Section

Dynamic power:	60 watts, both channels operating; 4 ohms. 40 watts, both channels operating; 8 ohms.
RMS power:	18 watts, per channel, both channels operating; 4 ohms. 13 watts, per channel, both channels operating; 8 ohms.
Rated output:	11 watts, per channel, both channels operating; 8 ohms.
Power band width:	20 Hz to 20 kHz, IHF
Harmonic distortion:	Less than 1.0% at rated output (at 1 kHz)
IM distortion:	Less than 1.0% at rated output
Residual noise:	Less than 1.5μW (8 ohms)

Preamplifier Section

Frequency response:	PHONO: RIAA curve ±1.0 dB TUNER, AUX, TAPE, REC/PB (input): 15 Hz to 50 kHz ±3 dB
Input sensitivity and impedance:	PHONO: 3 mV 50 k ohms TUNER, AUX, TAPE, REC/PB (input): 250 mV 50 k ohms
Signal output and output impedance:	REC OUT: 250 mV 10 k ohms HEADPHONE OUT: 280 mV 270 ohms REC/PB (output): 30 mV 80 k ohms
Signal-to-noise ratio:	PHONO: greater than 60 dB (weighting network "B") TUNER, AUX, TAPE, REC/PB (input): greater than 80 dB (weighting network "A")
Tone controls:	BASS: ±10 dB at 100 Hz TREBLE: ±10 dB at 1 kHz
Filters:	HIGH: 6 dB/oct, above 5 kHz

General

Power consumption:	80 watts
Power requirement:	110, 127, 220, 240 V 50/60 Hz, ac
Dimensions:	130 mm (width) x 230 mm (height) x 165 mm (depth)
Net weight:	3.2 kg (7 lb 1 oz)
Shipping weight:	3.8 kg (8 lb 6 oz)

1-2. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION DIGEST

Preamplifier Section

Equalizer Amplifier Q101, Q102

This direct-coupled two stage amplifier amplifies the small signal produced by the tuner, phono cartridge, tape recorder, or signal applied to the AUX input jacks, to the level required at the input of the following buffer amplifier.

VOLUME control RV101

The equalized phono signals and signals applied to the other input terminals are fed to the volume control through the MONITOR and MODE switches. The level of the signal applied to the following tone control circuit is determined by the setting of RV101 shown in Fig. 1-1.

Buffer Amplifier (Emitter follower); Q103

This isolates the volume control and tone control to eliminate mutual interference shown in Fig. 1-1.

The tone control circuit employed is a modified negative-feedback type utilizing the power amplifier itself.

Note that the output of power amplifier is fed back to the RV102 through R202 shown in Fig. 1-1.

HI-FILTER switch (S4)

The high-cut off filter (R117 and C109) eliminates unwanted high frequency components (5 kHz and higher) from the input signal when this switch is ON, shown in Fig. 1-1.

Power Amplifier Section

Preamplifier Q201, Q202

Q201 and Q202 form a para-phase amplifier but signal output is extracted from the collector circuit of Q202. This circuit has a various advantages in direct coupling systems.

One is high stability despite temperature variations and another is high input impedance without reducing the amplifier's gain.

The ac output appears across

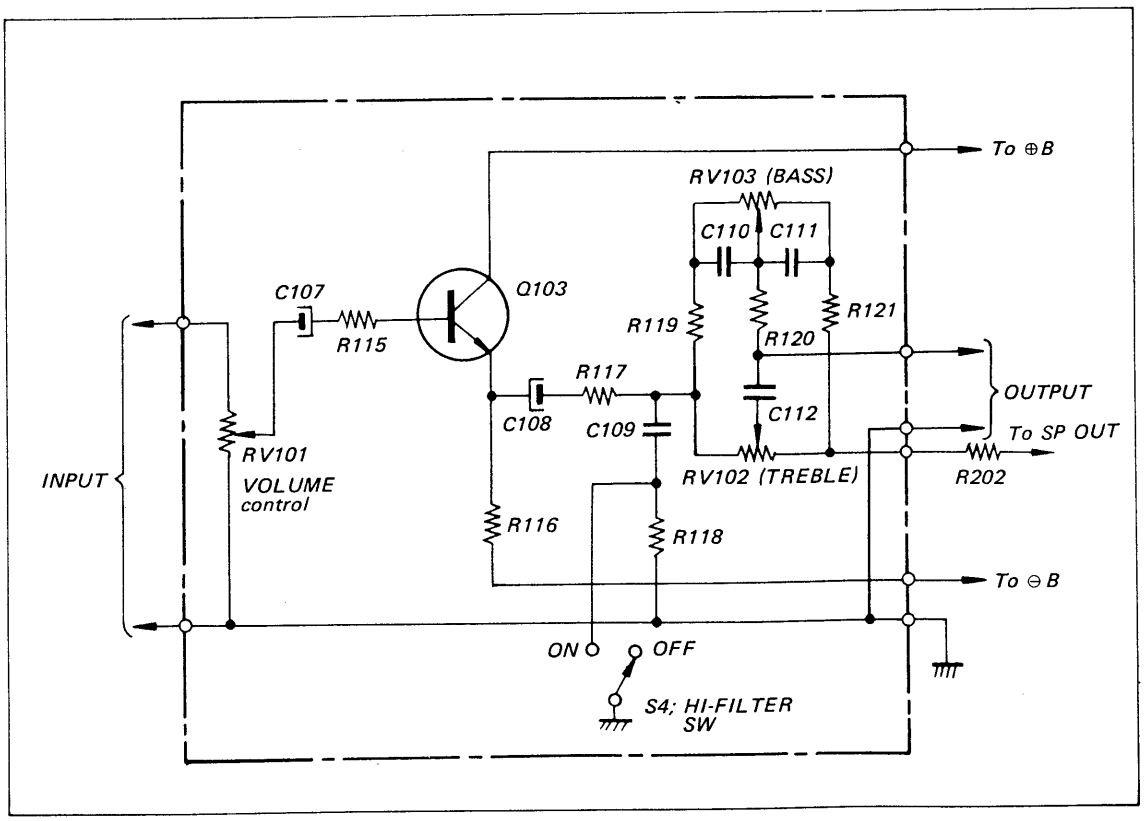
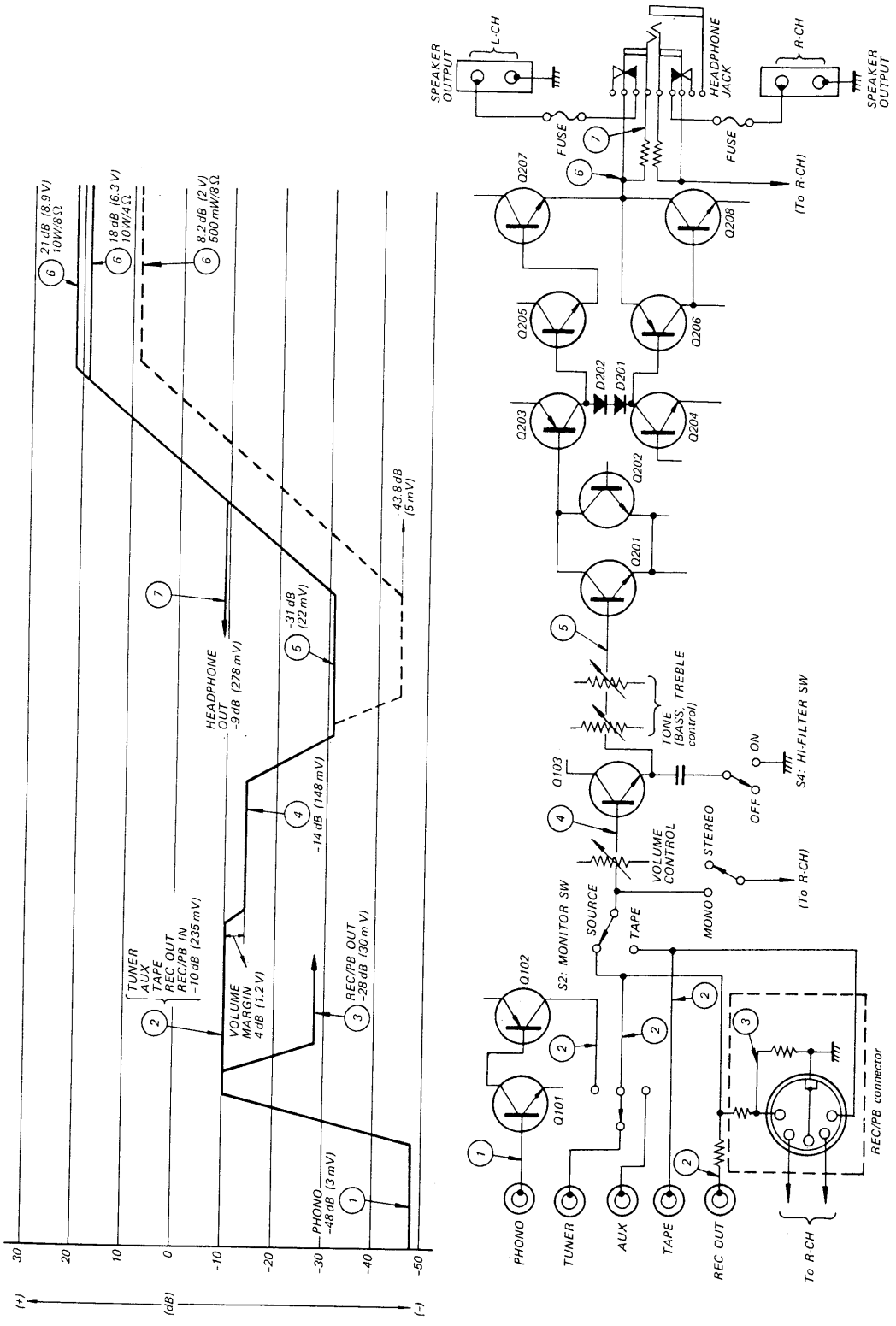


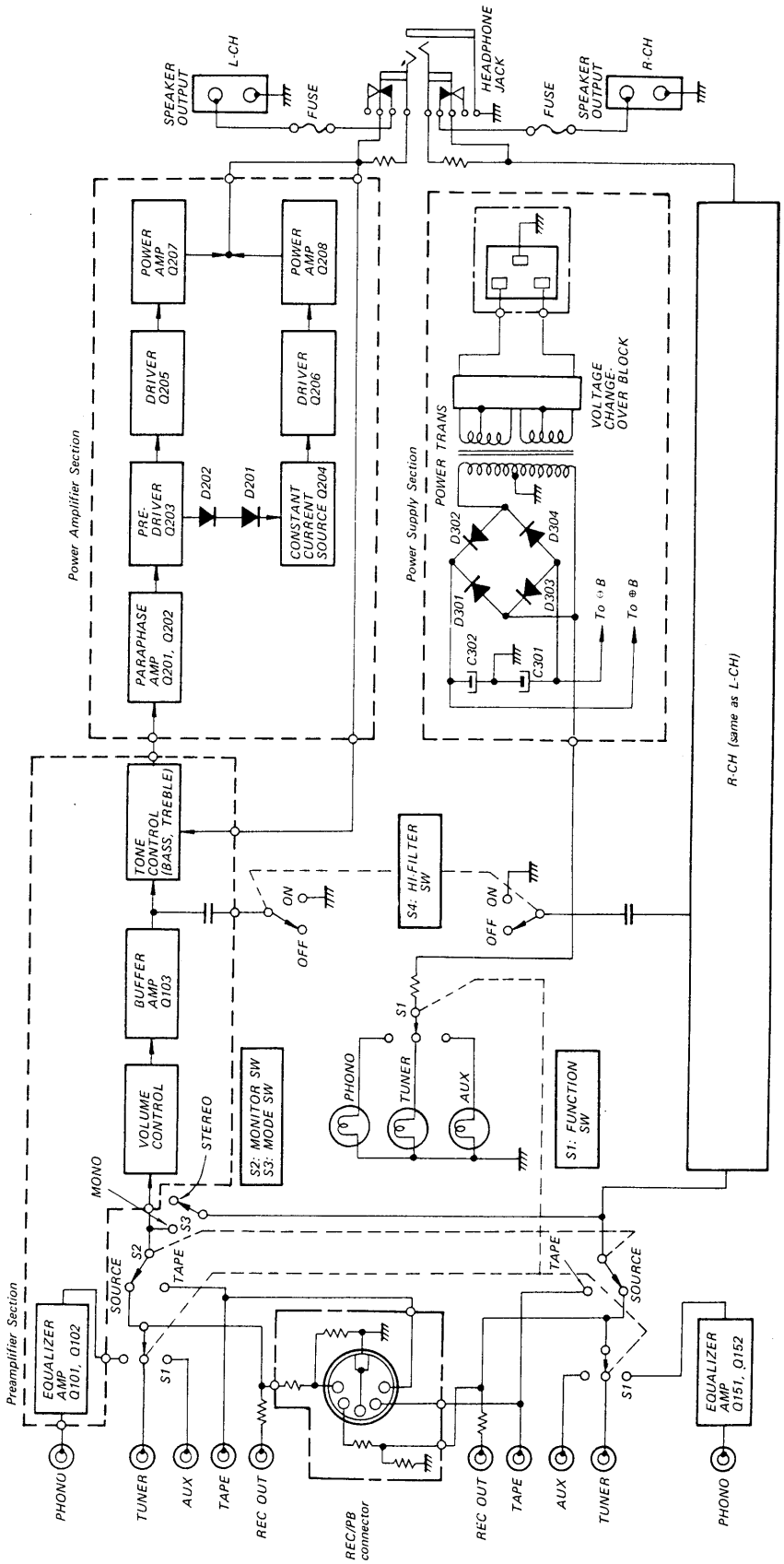
Fig. 1-1. Partial schematic diagram of tone control circuit

	load resistor R208 (1.2 k) in the collector circuit of Q202. An emitter decoupling circuit is formed by the emitter-base resistance of Q202. R209 in the base circuit of Q202. Common emitter resistor R206 keeps the dc current flow constant in the Q201 and Q202, thus increasing dc stability.
Predriver Q203	This stage is a conventional flat amplifier, it determines the output voltage swings because the following stages are basically in the emitter-follower configuration.
Constant current source Q204	The ac load resistor for this stage is collector-emitter impedance of Q204.
Thermal compensator for dc bias current D201, D202	The negative temperature coefficient of D201 and D202 provide thermal compensation for the complementary and power transistor circuits. D202 is attached to the power transistor's heat sink to detect temperature increases in the power transistor.
Driver Q205, Q206	These transistor operate as emitter-followers to provide the current swings demanded of the output stages and also provide the necessary phase inversion. Phase inversion is performed by using PNP and NPN type transistor.
Power transistor Q207, Q208	The output transistors (Q207 and Q208) are connected directly to a power supply of about ±23 V. Q207 supplies power to the load during the positive half cycle and Q208 operates during the negative half cycle. As all the stages are directly coupled and designed to obtain zero potential at the output terminal, the large coupling capacitor at the output (which may cause power loss or distortion at low frequencies) is eliminated.

1-3. LEVEL DIAGRAM



1-4. BLOCK DIAGRAM



SECTION 2
DISASSEMBLY AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES

WARNING

Unplug the ac power cord before starting any disassembly or replacement procedures.

2-1. HARDWARE IDENTIFICATION GUIDE

The following chart will help you to decipher the hardware codes given in this service manual.

Note: All screws in this set are manufactured to the specifications of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). This means that the new and old screws are not interchangeable because ISO screws have an identification mark on their heads as shown in Fig. 2-1.

All screws in this service manual are phillips type (cross recess type) unless otherwise indicated.
(–); slotted head

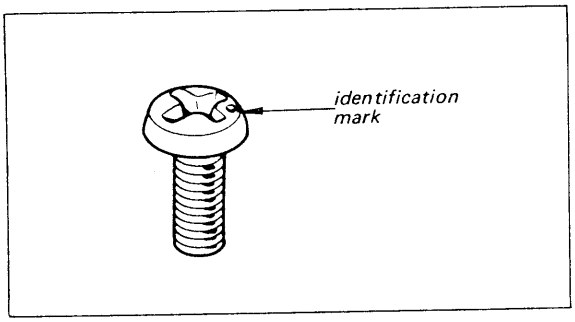
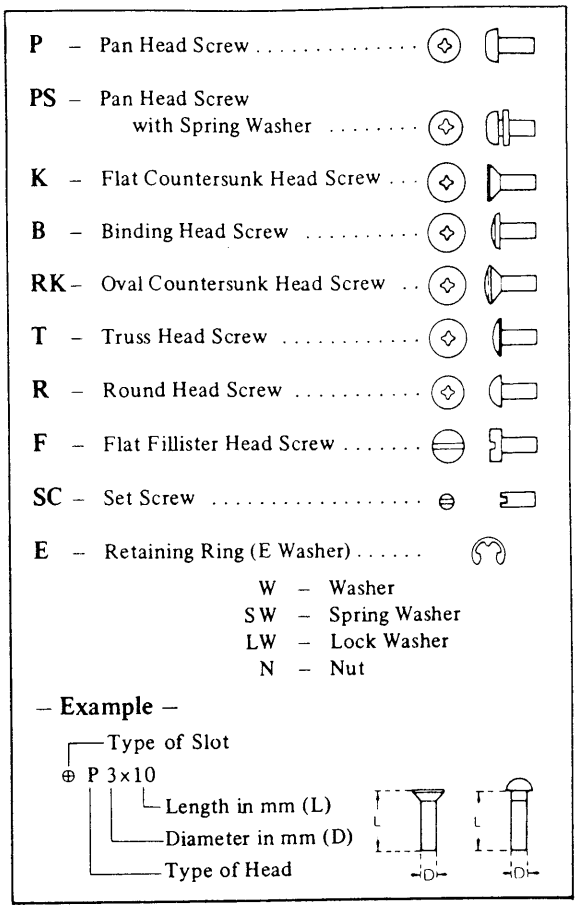


Fig. 2-1. ISO screw

– Hardware Nomenclature –



2-2. WOODEN CASE REMOVAL

1. Remove the four screws securing the wooden case to the chassis with rubber foot.
2. Remove the four screws at the rear panel shown in Fig. 2-2.
3. Push the chassis out carefully and place it on a soft protective pad, otherwise the bottom of the front panel will be scratched.

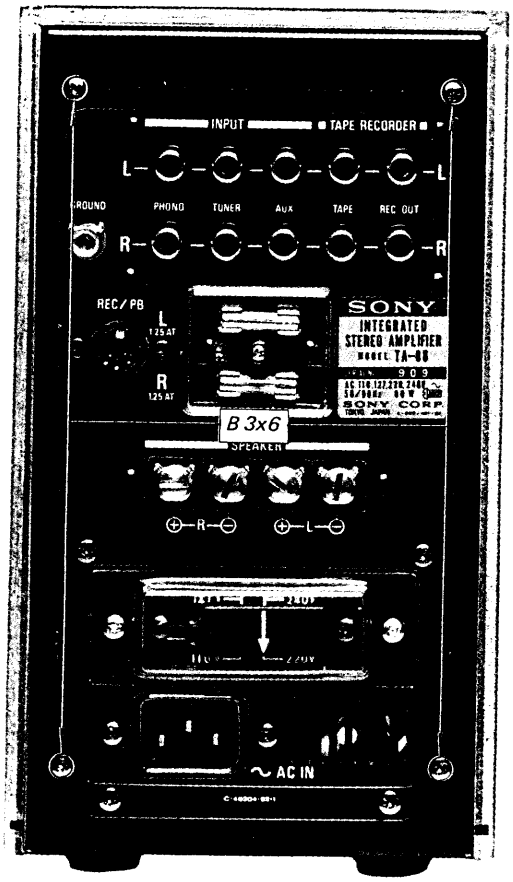


Fig. 2-2. Wooden case removal

2-3. FRONT PANEL REMOVAL

1. Remove the wooden case as described in Procedure 2-2.
2. Remove the FUNCTION switch and VOLUME, TONE control knobs by pulling them off.
3. Remove the four screws behind top and bottom edge of the front subchassis shown in Fig. 2-3.

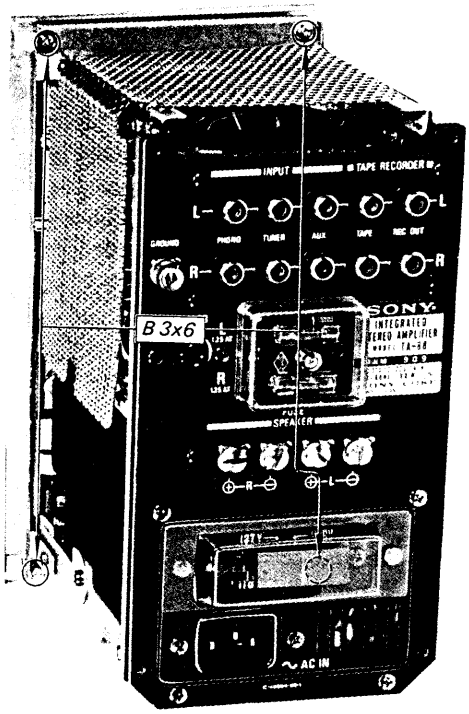


Fig. 2-3. Front panel removal

2-4. FRONT SUBCHASSIS REMOVAL

1. Remove the front panel as described in Procedure 2-3.
2. Remove the five screws shown in Fig. 2-4.

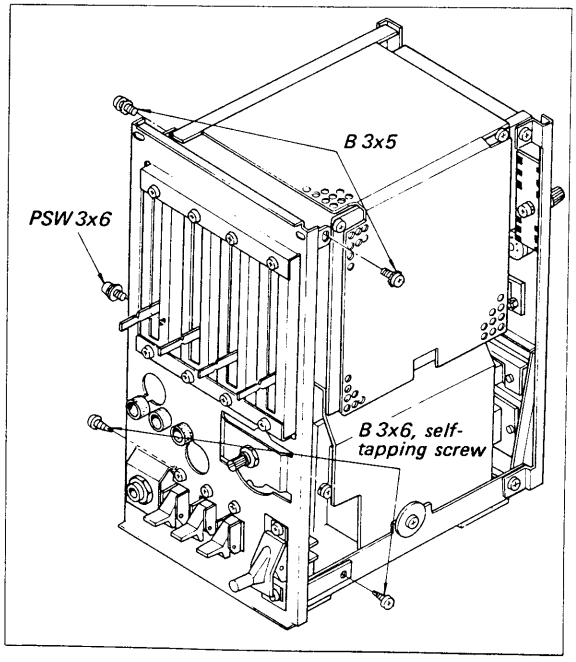


Fig. 2-4. Front subchassis removal

2-5. CONTROL AND SWITCH REPLACEMENT

1. Remove the front panel and front subchassis as described in Procedures 2-3 and 2-4.
2. Remove the screws and nuts securing the switches and controls to the front subchassis (See Fig. 2-5), and then install a new one.

2-6. POWER AMPLIFIER/POWER SUPPLY BOARD REMOVAL

1. Remove the wooden case as described in Procedure 2-2.
2. Loosen the two screws securing the pre-amplifier board to its bracket shown in Fig. 2-6.
3. Remove the shield plate. This permit the power transistor removal shown in Fig. 2-6.
4. Remove the four screws securing the power transistor to the heat sink shown in Fig. 2-7.
5. Remove the four screws shown in Fig. 2-8.
6. This frees power amplifier/power supply board.

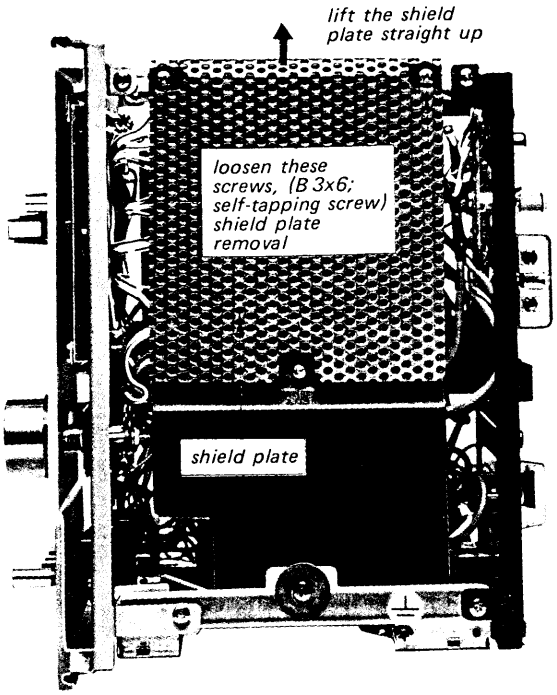


Fig. 2-6. Shield plate removal

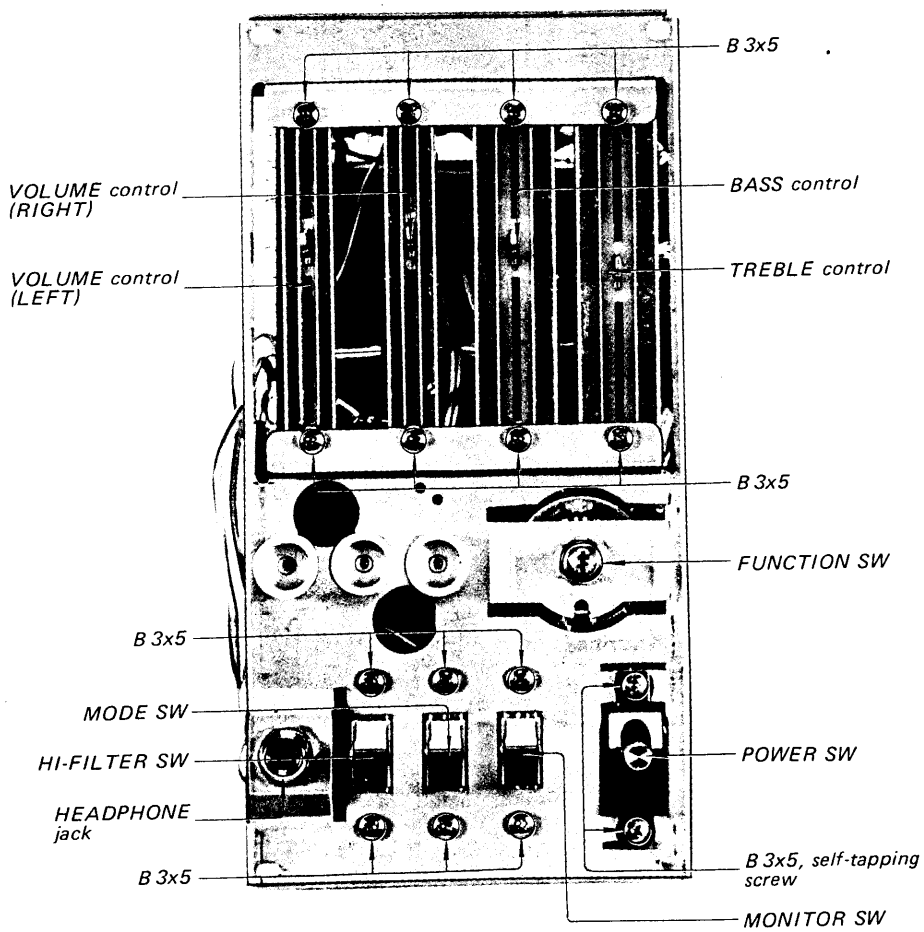


Fig. 2-5. Switch and control replacement

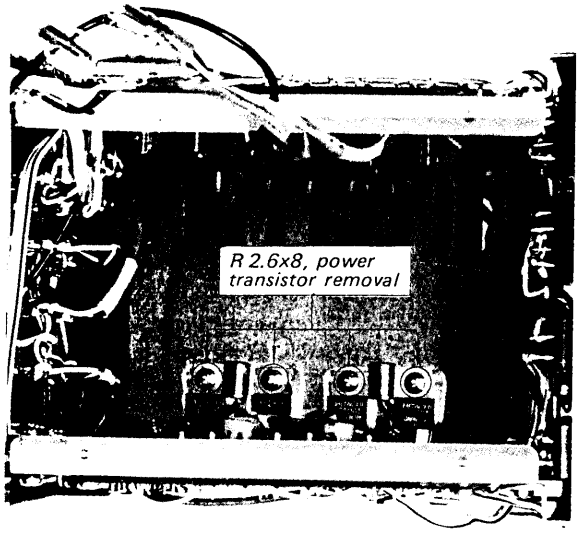


Fig. 2-7. Power transistor removal

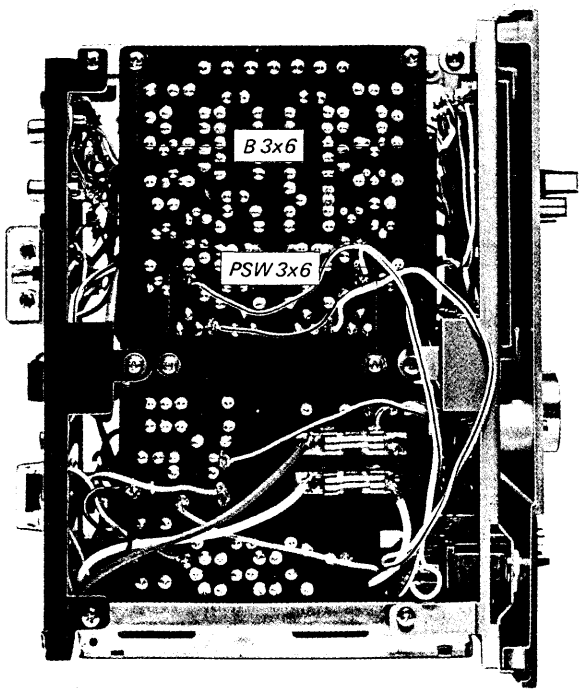


Fig. 2-8. Power amplifier/power supply board removal

2-7. POWER TRANSISTOR REPLACEMENT

1. Remove the power amplifier/power supply board as described in Procedure 2-6.
2. Unsolder the leads of power transistor, and then install a new one.
3. When replacing the power transistor, apply a coating of a heat-transferring grease to both sides of insulation mica spacer to the indicated portion as shown in Fig. 2-9. Any excess grease squeezed out when the mounting bolts are tightened should be wiped off with a clean cloth. This prevents it from accumulating conductive dust particles that might eventually cause a short.

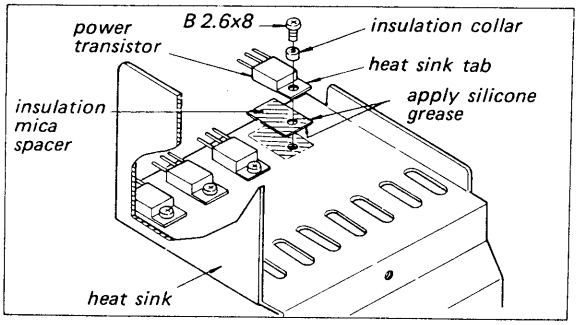


Fig. 2-9. Power transistor replacement

2-8. REAR PANEL REMOVAL

1. Remove the wooden case as described in Procedure 2-2.
2. Remove the five screws shown in Fig. 2-10.

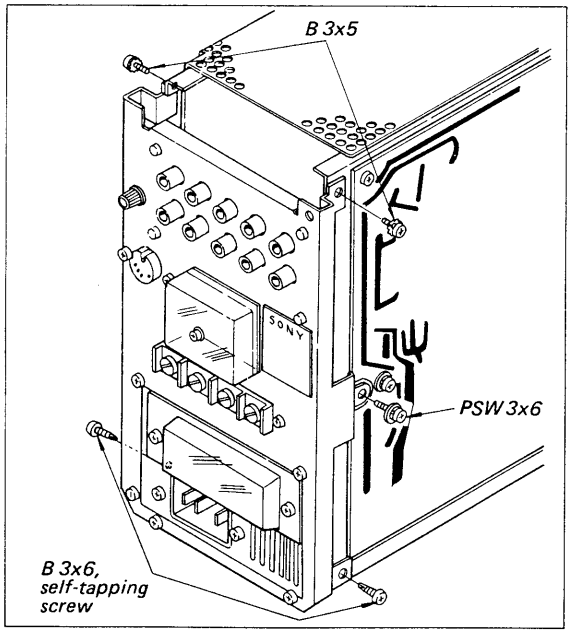


Fig. 2-10. Rear panel removal

2-9. REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS SECURED TO THE REAR PANEL BY NYLON RIVETS

1. Remove the nylon rivets securing the defective component by pushing its end with a tweezers shown in Fig. 2-11.
2. Remove the defective component and then install a new one.
3. To reinstall the rivet, insert the flared part into the opening first, and then push the head as far as it will go, shown in Fig. 2-12.

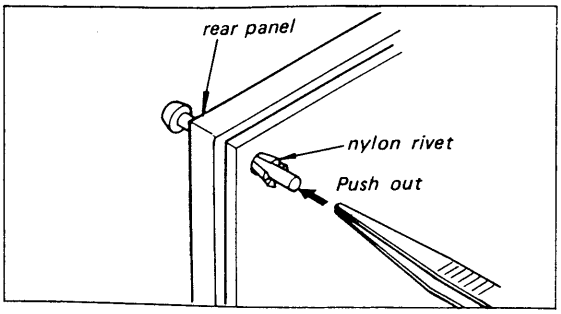


Fig. 2-11. Nylon rivet removal

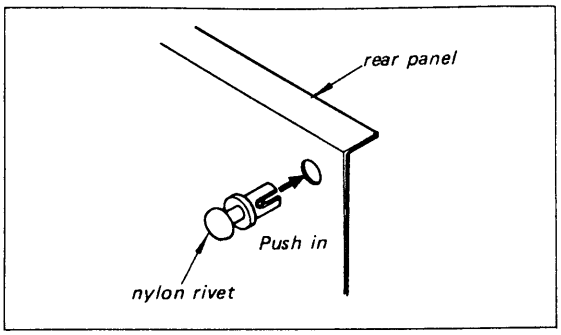
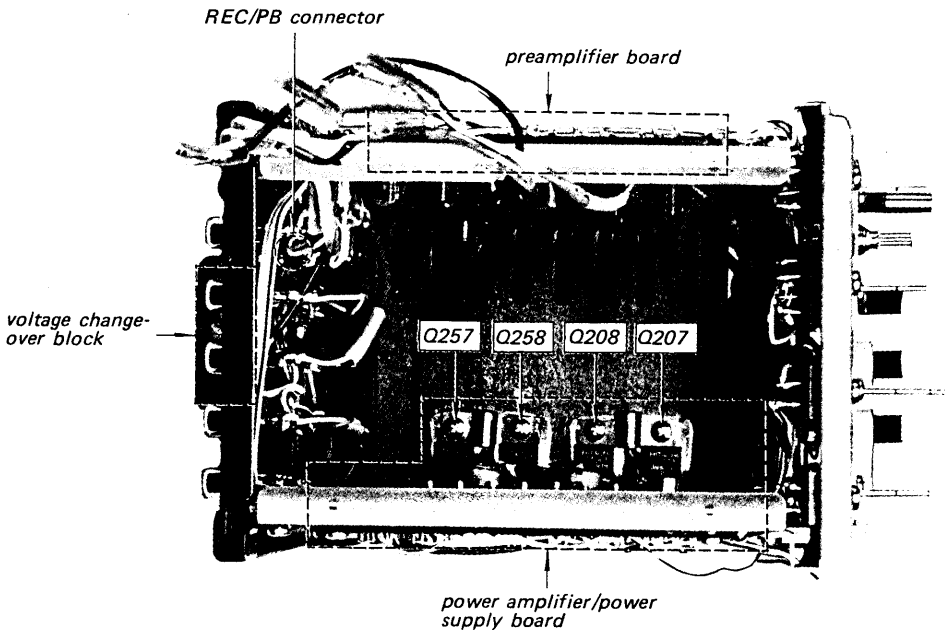


Fig. 2-12. Nylon rivet installation

2-10. CHASSIS LAYOUT



SECTION 3
REPACKING

The original shipping carton and packing materials are the ideal containers for shipping the unit. However to secure the maximum protection, the set must be repacked in these materials precisely as before. The proper repacking procedures are shown in Fig. 3-1.

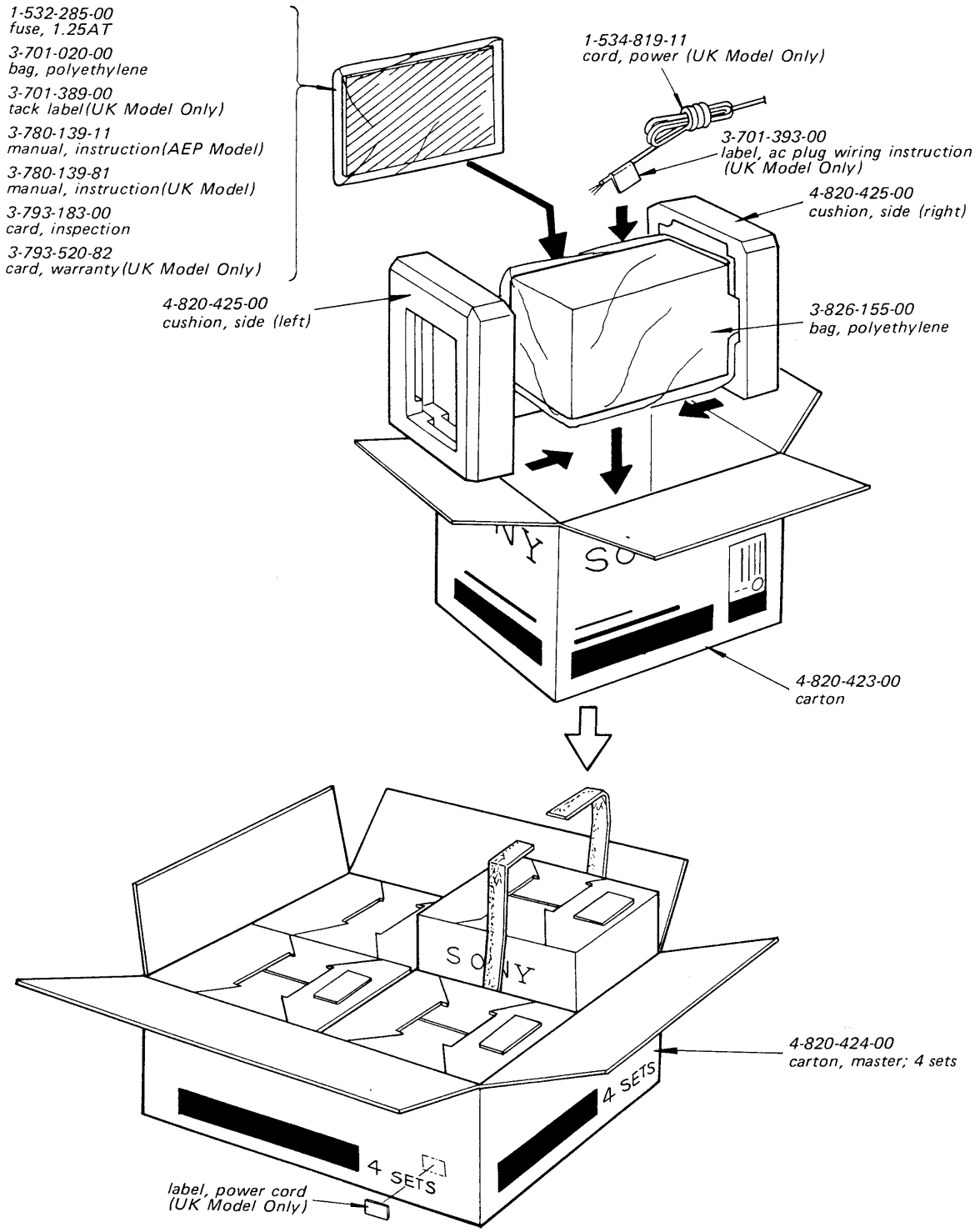
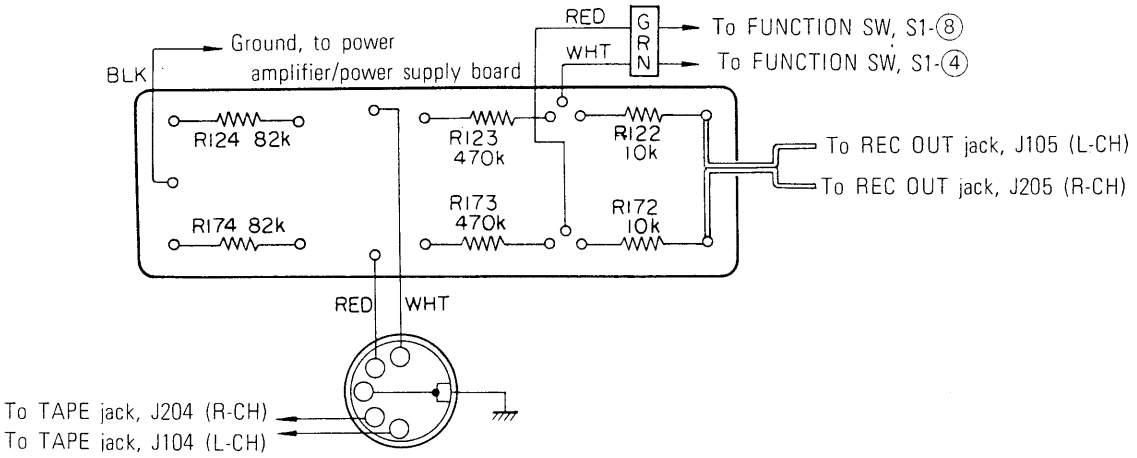


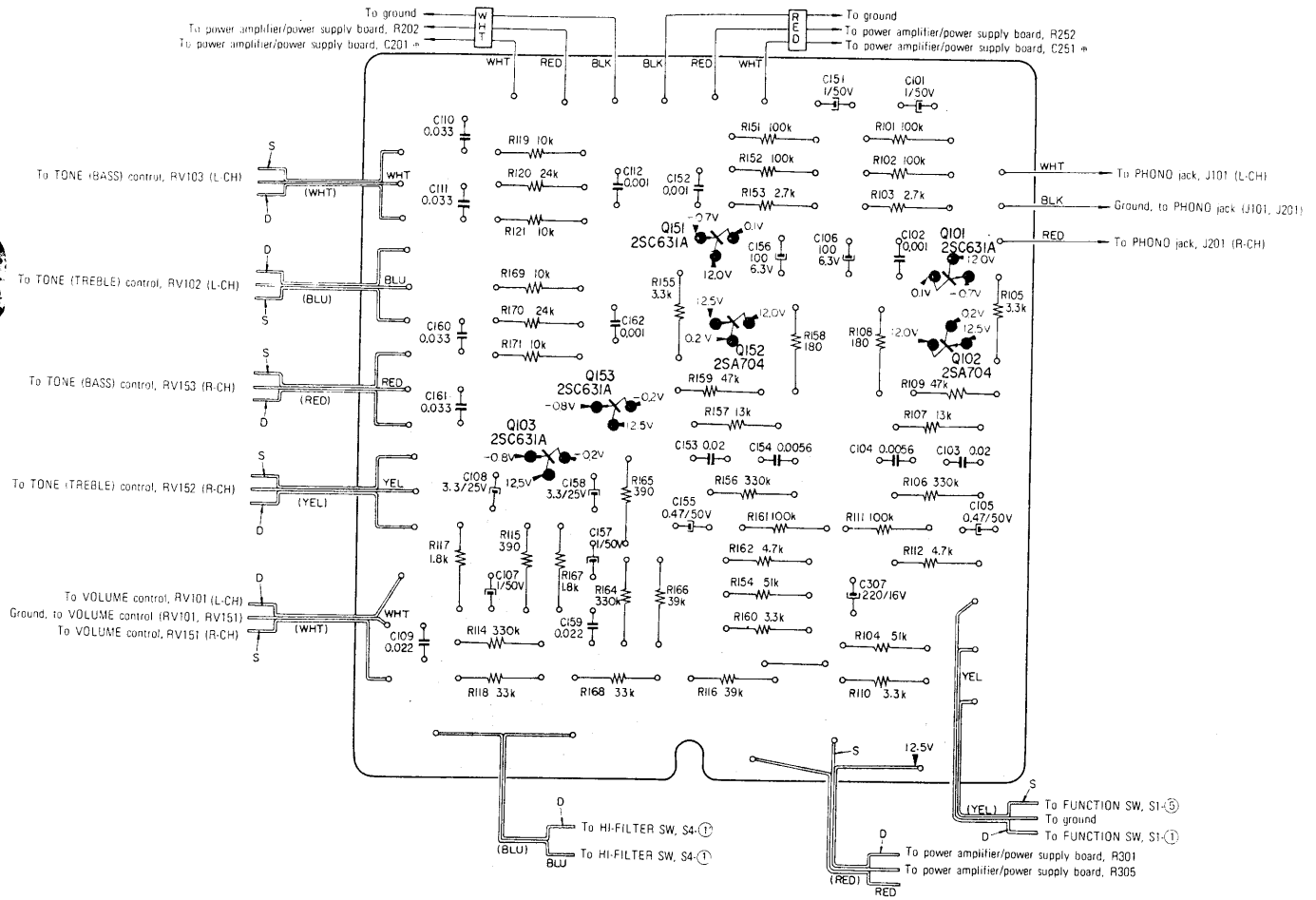
Fig. 3-1. Repacking

SECTION 4
DIAGRAMS

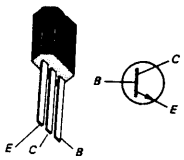
4-1. MOUNTING DIAGRAM – Attenuator Board –



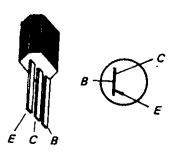
4-2. MOUNTING DIAGRAM – Preamplifier Board –

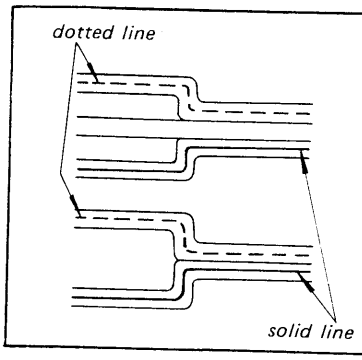


2SC631A



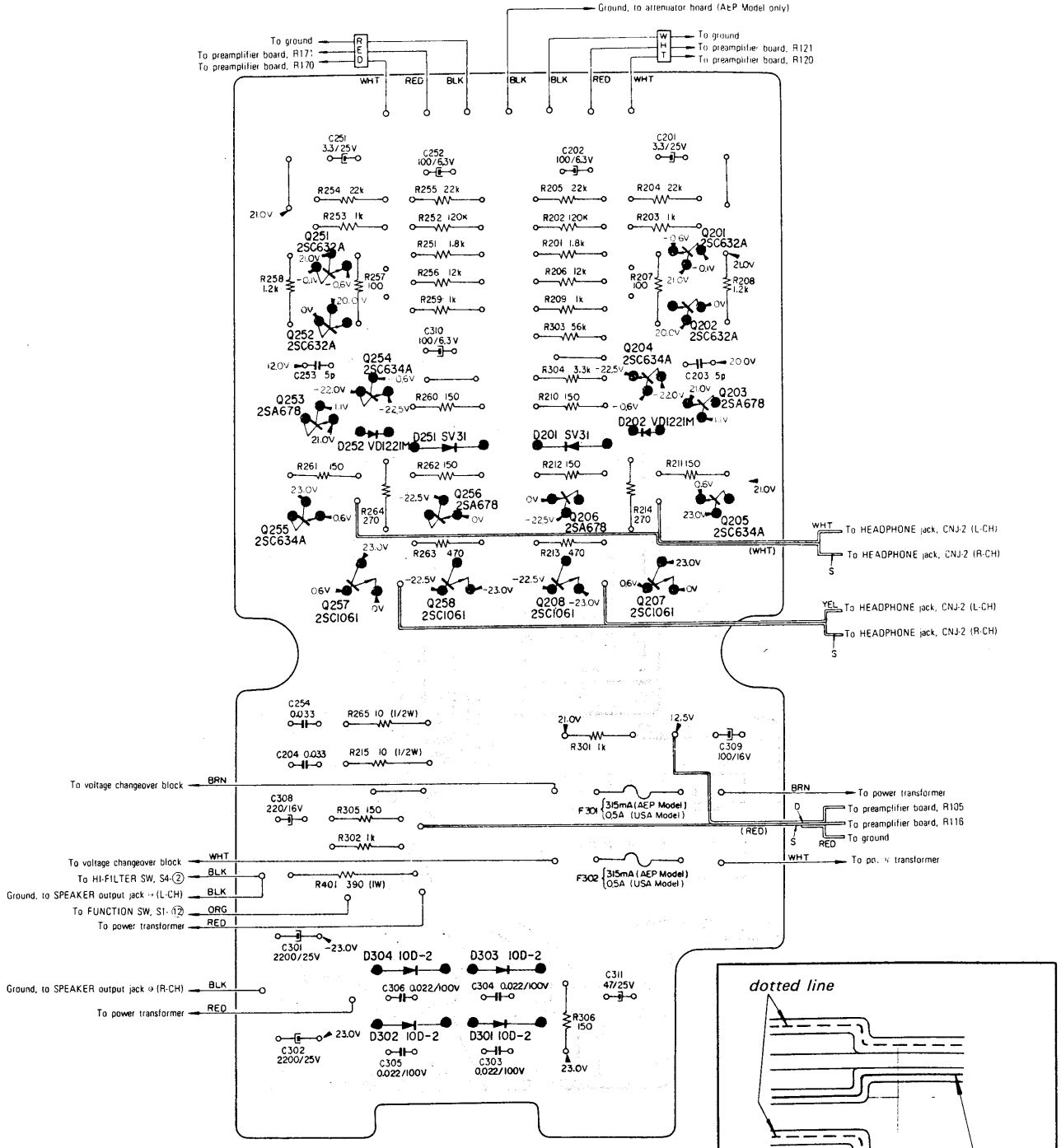
2SA704





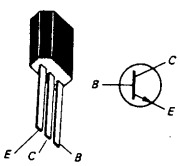
Note: The lead wires identified by letter D and S mean that D is a black dotted line and S is a black solid line stencilled on the leads as shown.

4-3. MOUNTING DIAGRAM — Power Amplifier/Power Supply Board —

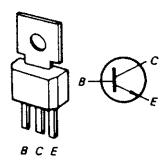


Note: The lead wires identified by letter D and S mean that D is a black dotted line and S is a black solid line stencilled on the leads as shown.

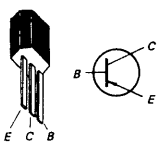
2SC632A
2SC634A



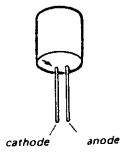
2SC1061



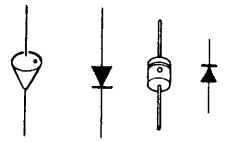
2SA678



SV-31

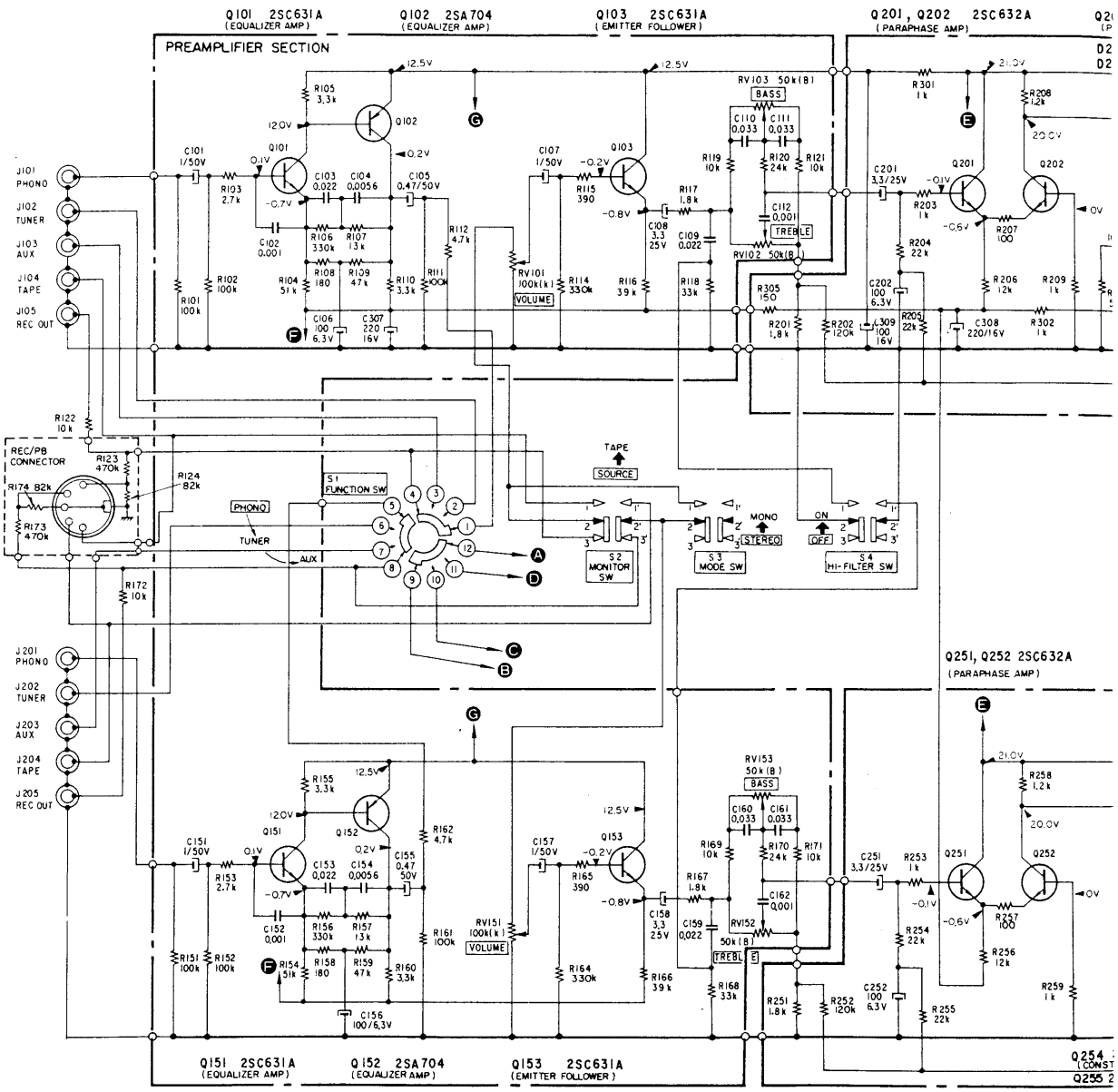


VD-1221M

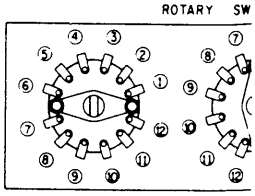


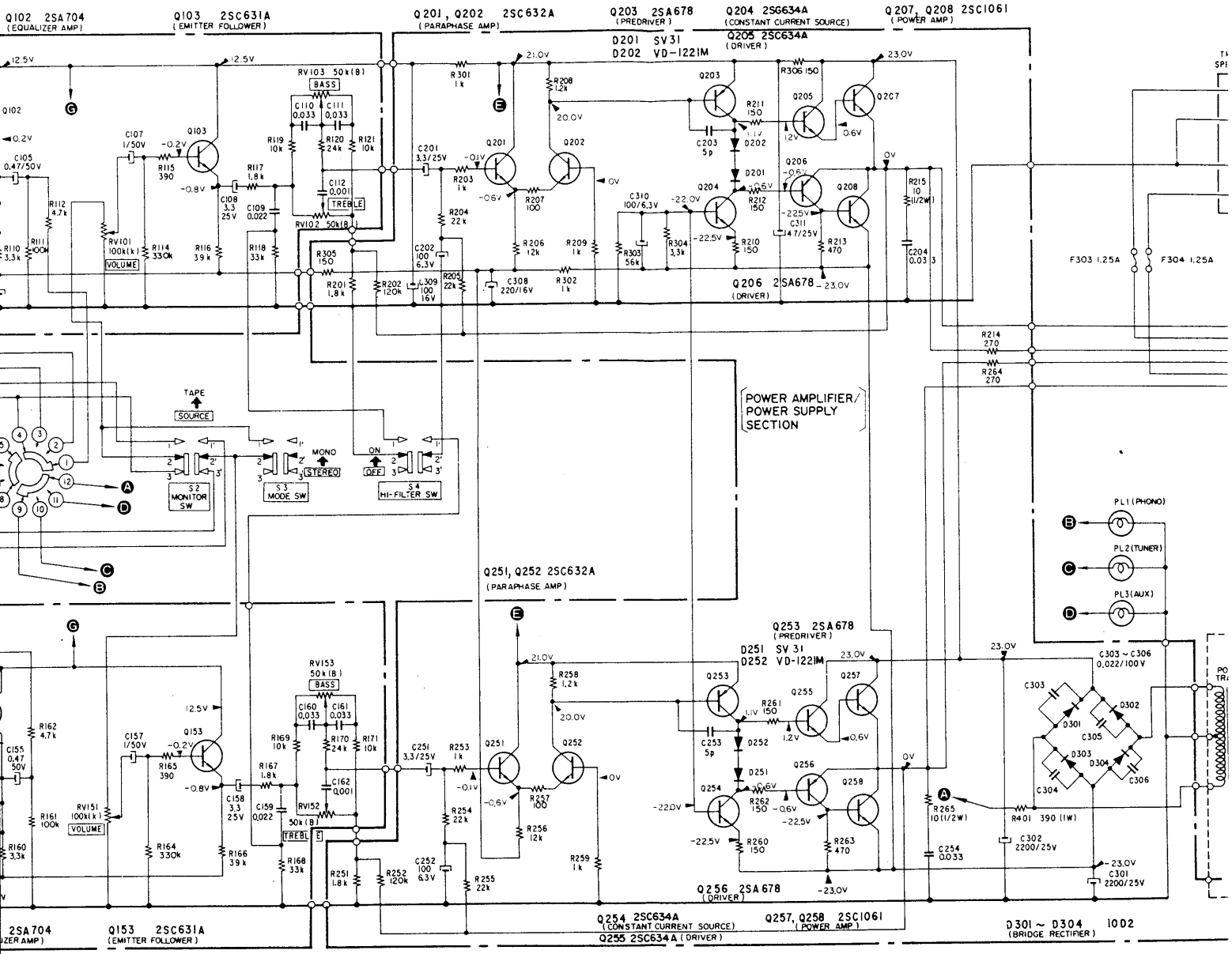
10D-2

4-4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



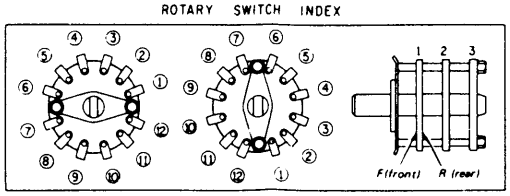
Ref. No.	Description	Position	Ref. No.	Description	Position
S1	FUNCTION SW (PHONO-TUNER-AUX)	PHONO	S4	HI-FILTER SW (ON-OFF)	OFF
S2	MONITOR SW (SOURCE-TAPE)	SOURCE	S5	POWER SW (ON-OFF)	OFF
S3	MODE SW (STEREO-MONO)	STEREO			





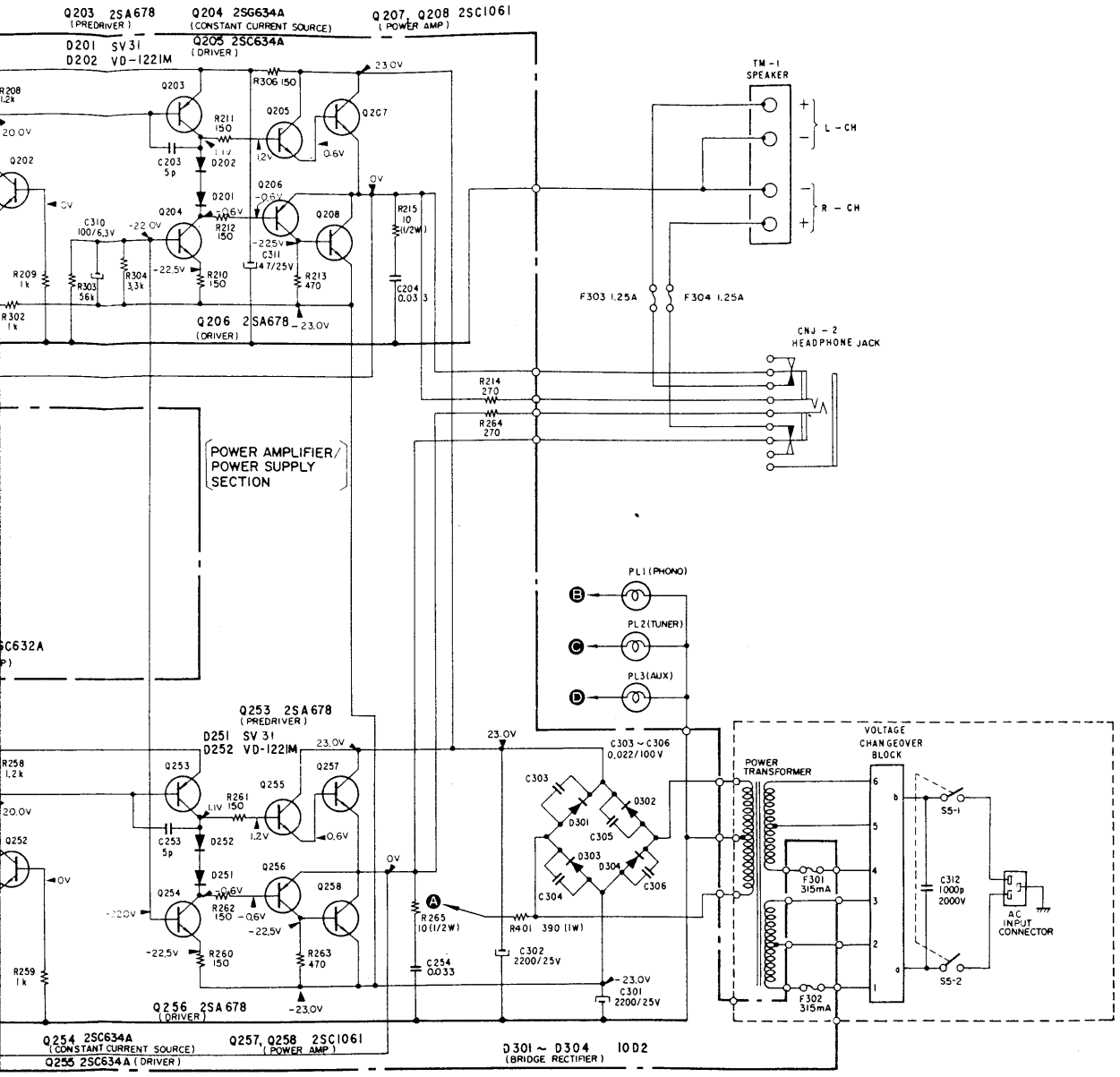
Ref. No.	Description	Position
S4	HI-FILTER SW (ON-OFF)	OFF
S5	POWER SW (ON-OFF)	OFF

ROTARY SWITCH INDEX

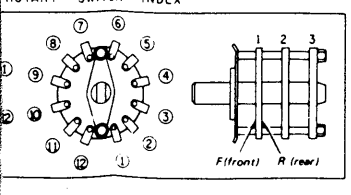


Note:

All resistance values are in ohms. k = 1,000
All capacitance values are in μF except as ind
which means μμF.
All voltages represent an average value and
within ±20%.
All voltages are dc measured with a VOM
input impedance of 20 kohms/volt. No signa



ROTARY SWITCH INDEX



Note:

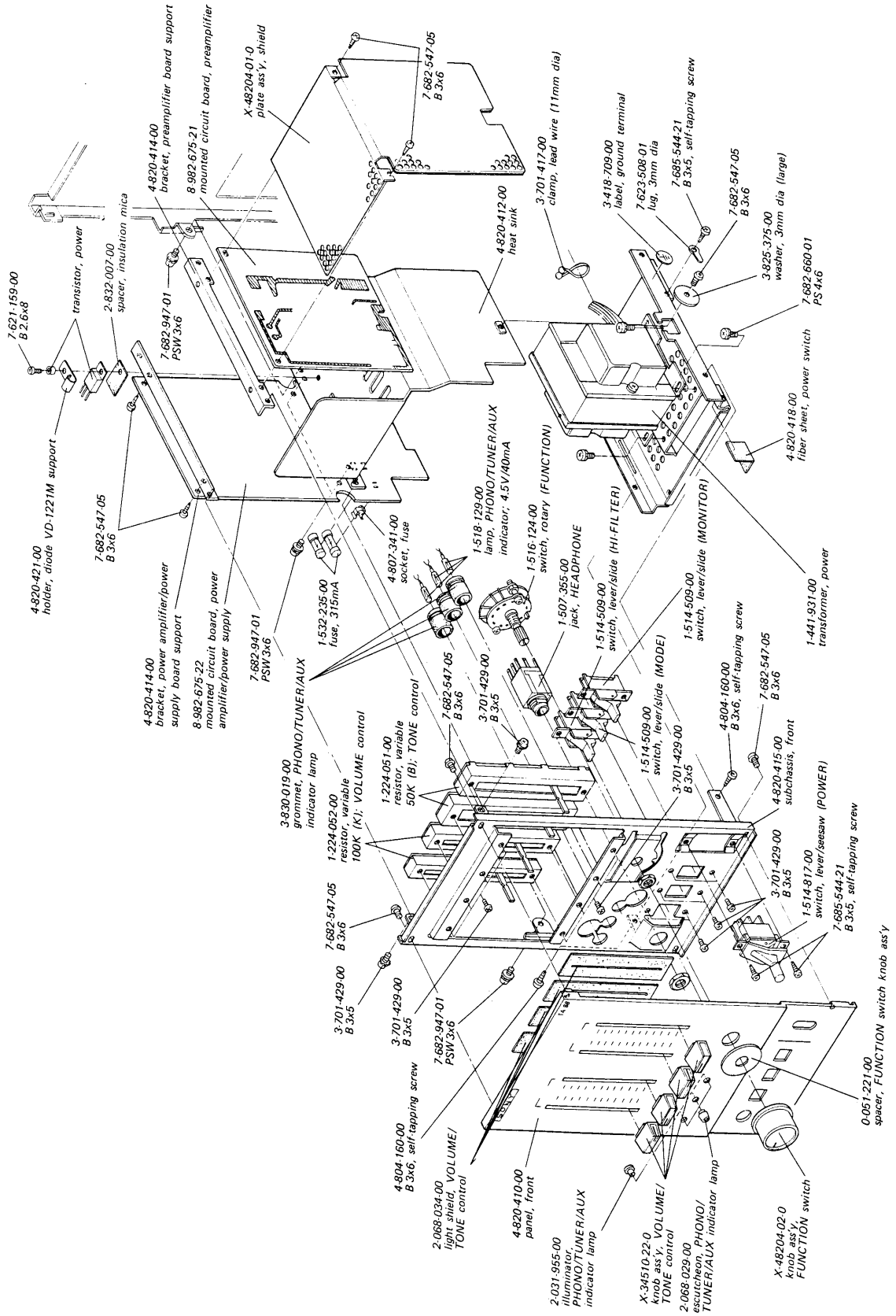
All resistance values are in ohms. k = 1,000, M = 1,000 k
All capacitance values are in μF except as indicated with p, which means μμF.
All voltages represent an average value and should hold within ±20%.
All voltages are dc measured with a VOM which has an input impedance of 20 k ohms/volt. No signal in.

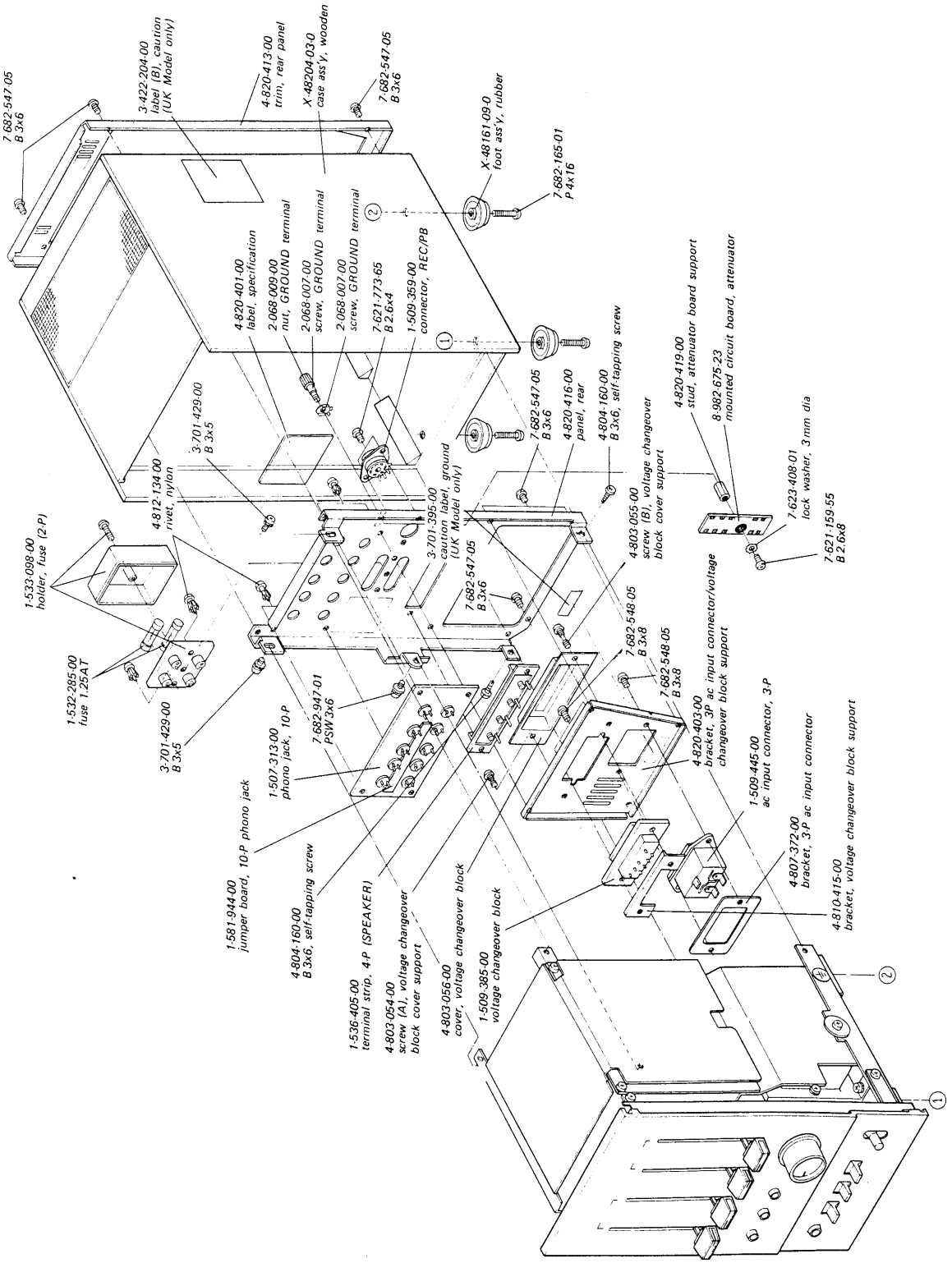
SONY
TA-88

SECTION 5
EXPLODED VIEW

(I)

Note: All screws are phillips type (cross recess type) unless otherwise indicated. (–): slotted head.




7-682-547-05 B 3x6
3-422-204-00 label (B), caution (UK Model only)
4-820-413-00 trim, rear panel
X-48204-03-0 case ass'y, wooden
7-682-547-05 B 3x6
X-48161-09-0 foot ass'y, rubber
7-682-165-01 P 4x16
4-820-401-00 label, specification
2-068-009-00 nut, GROUND terminal
2-068-007-00 screw, GROUND terminal
2-068-007-00 screw, GROUND terminal
7-621-773-65 B 2.6x4
1-509-359-00 connector, REC/PB
3-701-429-00 B 3x5
4-812-134-00 rivet, nylon
3-701-395-00 caution label, ground (UK Model only)
7-682-547-05 B 3x6
7-682-547-05 B 3x6
4-820-416-00 panel, rear
4-804-160-00 B 3x6, self-tapping screw
4-803-055-00 screw (B), voltage changeover block cover support
4-820-419-00 stud, attenuator board support
8-982-675-23 mounted circuit board, attenuator
7-623-408-01 lock washer, 3mm dia
7-621-159-55 B 2.6x8
1-533-098-00 holder, fuse (2-P)
1-532-285-00 fuse 1.25AT
3-701-429-00 B 3x5
1-507-313-00 phono jack, 10-P
7-682-947-01 PSW 3x6
7-682-548-05 B 3x8
7-682-548-05 B 3x8
4-820-403-00 bracket, 3P ac input connector/voltage changeover block support
1-509-445-00 ac input connector, 3-P
4-807-372-00 bracket, 3-P ac input connector
4-810-415-00 bracket, voltage changeover block support
1-581-944-00 jumper board, 10-P phono jack
4-804-160-00 B 3x6, self-tapping screw
1-536-405-00 terminal strip, 4-P (SPEAKER)
4-803-054-00 screw (A), voltage changeover block cover support
4-803-056-00 cover, voltage changeover block
1-509-385-00 voltage changeover block

SECTION 6
ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description

MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARDS

	8-982-675-21	mounted circuit board, preamplifier
	8-982-675-22	mounted circuit board, power amplifier/ power supply
	8-982-675-23	mounted circuit board, attenuator

SEMICONDUCTORS

D201 (D251)	diode	SV-31
D202 (D252)	diode	VD-1221M
D301	diode	10D-2
D302	diode	10D-2
D303	diode	10D-2
D304	diode	10D-2
Q101 (Q151)	transistor	2SC631A
Q102 (Q152)	transistor	2SA704
Q103 (Q153)	transistor	2SC631A
Q201 (Q251)	transistor	2SC632A
Q202 (Q252)	transistor	2SC632A
Q203 (Q253)	transistor	2SA678
Q204 (Q254)	transistor	2SC634A
Q205 (Q255)	transistor	2SC634A
Q206 (Q256)	transistor	2SA678
Q207 (Q257)	transistor	2SC1061
Q208 (Q258)	transistor	2SC1061

TRANSFORMERS

PT	1-441-931-00	transformer, power

CAPACITORS

All capacitance values are in μF except as indicated with p, which means μμF.

C101 (C151)	1-121-912-00	1	$\pm^{100}_{10}$%	50 V	electrolytic
C102 (C152)	1-105-661-12	0.001	±10%	50 V	mylar
C103 (C153)	1-106-032-12	0.02	±5%	50 V	mylar
C104 (C154)	1-105-510-12	0.0056	±5%	50 V	mylar
C105 (C155)	1-121-911-00	0.47	$\pm^{100}_{10}$%	50 V	electrolytic
C106 (C156)	1-121-413-00	100	$\pm^{50}_{10}$%	6.3 V	electrolytic
C107 (C157)	1-121-912-00	1	$\pm^{100}_{10}$%	50 V	electrolytic
C108 (C158)	1-121-913-00	3.3	$\pm^{100}_{10}$%	25 V	electrolytic
C109 (C159)	1-105-517-12	0.022	±5%	50 V	mylar
C110 (C160)	1-105-519-12	0.033	±5%	50 V	mylar
C111 (C161)	1-105-519-12	0.033	±5%	50 V	mylar
C112 (C162)	1-105-501-12	0.001	±5%	50 V	mylar
C201 (C251)	1-121-392-00	3.3	$\pm^{75}_{10}$%	25 V	electrolytic
C202 (C252)	1-121-413-00	100	$\pm^{50}_{10}$%	6.3 V	electrolytic
C203 (C253)	1-101-955-00	5 p	±5%	50 V	ceramic
C204 (C254)	1-105-679-12	0.033	±10%	50 V	mylar
C301	1-123-047-00	2,200	$\pm^{100}_{10}$%	25 V	electrolytic
C302	1-123-047-00	2,200	$\pm^{100}_{10}$%	25 V	electrolytic
C303	1-105-877-12	0.022	±20%	100 V	mylar
C304	1-105-877-12	0.022	±20%	100 V	mylar
C305	1-105-877-12	0.022	±20%	100 V	mylar
C306	1-105-877-12	0.022	±20%	100 V	mylar
C307	1-121-421-00	220	$\pm^{50}_{10}$%	16 V	electrolytic
C308	1-121-421-00	220	$\pm^{50}_{10}$%	16 V	electrolytic
C309	1-121-415-00	100	$\pm^{50}_{10}$%	16 V	electrolytic
C310	1-121-413-00	100	$\pm^{50}_{10}$%	6.3 V	electrolytic
C311	1-121-410-00	47	$\pm^{50}_{10}$%	25 V	electrolytic
C312	1-102-222-00	1,000 p	±20%	250 V	ceramic

RESISTORS

All resistance values are in Ω, ±5%, ¼W and carbon type unless otherwise indicated.

R101 (R151)	1-244-721-00	100 k
R102 (R152)	1-244-721-00	100 k
R103 (R153)	1-244-683-00	2.7 k
R104 (R154)	1-244-714-00	51 k
R105 (R155)	1-244-685-00	3.3 k
R106 (R156)	1-244-733-00	330 k
R107 (R157)	1-244-700-00	13 k
R108 (R158)	1-244-655-00	180
R109 (R159)	1-244-713-00	47 k
R110 (R160)	1-244-685-00	3.3 k
R111 (R161)	1-244-721-00	100 k
R112 (R162)	1-244-689-00	4.7 k
R113		----------
R114 (R164)	1-244-733-00	330 k
R115 (R165)	1-244-663-00	390

Ref. No.	Part No.		Description		
R116 (R166)	1-244-711-00	39 k			
R117 (R167)	1-244-679-00	1.8 k			
R118 (R168)	1-244-709-00	33 k			
R119 (R169)	1-244-697-00	10 k			
R120 (R170)	1-244-706-00	24 k			
R121 (R171)	1-244-697-00	10 k			
R122 (R172)	1-202-043-00	10 k	±5%	1/8 W	composition
R123 (R173)	1-202-145-00	470 k	±5%	1/8 W	composition
R124 (R174)	1-202-095-00	82 k	±5%	1/8 W	composition
R201 (R251)	1-244-679-00	1.8 k			
R202 (R252)	1-244-723-00	120 k			
R203 (R253)	1-244-673-00	1 k			
R204 (R254)	1-244-705-00	22 k			
R205 (R255)	1-244-705-00	22 k			
R206 (R256)	1-244-699-00	12 k			
R207 (R257)	1-244-649-00	100			
R208 (R258)	1-244-675-00	1.2 k			
R209 (R259)	1-244-673-00	1 k			
R210 (R260)	1-244-653-00	150			
R211 (R261)	1-244-653-00	150			
R212 (R262)	1-244-653-00	150			
R213 (R263)	1-244-665-00	470			
R214 (R264)	1-244-659-00	270			
R215 (R265)	1-202-525-00	10	±20%	1/2 W	composition
R301	1-244-673-00	1 k			
R302	1-244-673-00	1 k			
R303	1-244-715-00	56 k			
R304	1-244-685-00	3.3 k			
R305	1-244-653-00	150			
R306	1-244-653-00	150			
R401	1-206-654-00	390	±10%	2 W	metal-oxide

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
RV101 (RV151)	1-224-052-00	100 kΩ (K), variable (VOLUME control)
RV102 (RV152)	1-224-051-00	50 kΩ (B)/50 kΩ (B), variable (TREBLE control)
RV103 (RV153)	1-224-051-00	50 kΩ (B)/50 kΩ (B), variable (BASS control)

SWITCHES

S1	1-516-124-00	switch, rotary (FUNCTION)
S2	1-514-509-00	switch, lever/slide (MONITOR)
S3	1-514-509-00	switch, lever/slide (MODE)
S4	1-514-509-00	switch, lever/slide (HI-FILTER)
S5	1-514-817-00	switch, lever/seesaw (POWER)

MISCELLANEOUS

CNJ1	1-509-359-00	REC/PB connector
CNJ2	1-507-355-00	jack, HEADPHONE
	1-507-445-00	AC input connector, 3-P
F301, 302	1-532-235-00	fuse, 315 mAT
F303, 304	1-532-285-00	fuse, 1.25 AT
J101 ~ 105 (J201 ~ 205)	1-507-313-00	phono jack, 10-P
PL1	1-518-129-00	lamp, PHONO indicator 4.5 V/40 mA
PL2	1-518-129-00	lamp, TUNER indicator 4.5 V/40 mA
PL3	1-518-129-00	lamp AUX indicator 4.5 V/40 mA
TM1	1-536-405-00	terminal strip, 4-P; SPEAKER
VS	1-509-385-00	voltage changeover block
	1-534-819-11	cord, power (UK Model only)
	1-536-353-00	connection, terminal post
	1-536-354-00	terminal post
	1-581-944-00	jumper board, 10-P phono jack

SONY CORPORATION

SONY

TA-88

UK and AEP Model

SERVICE MANUAL SUPPLEMENT

No. 1
Dec. 1972

Subject: Circuit Modification

This supplement updates the service manual to include production changes starting with Serial Number 901,001 (AEP Model), 401,001 (UK Model) and later.
File this supplement with the service manual.

1. INTRODUCTION

Some modifications have been performed in Power Amplifier Section.

2. PARTS CHANGED

Ref. No.	Former	New	Applicable Serial No.
R210 (R260) R211 (R261) R212 (R262) R305, R306	1-244-653-11 150 ±5% ¼W carbon	1-244-649-00 100 ±5% ¼W carbon	AEP Model ... (Serial No. 901,001 and later) UK Model ..... (Serial No. 401,001 and later)
F301 F302	1-532-235-11 fuse, 315mAT	1-532-273-11 fuse, 250mAT	

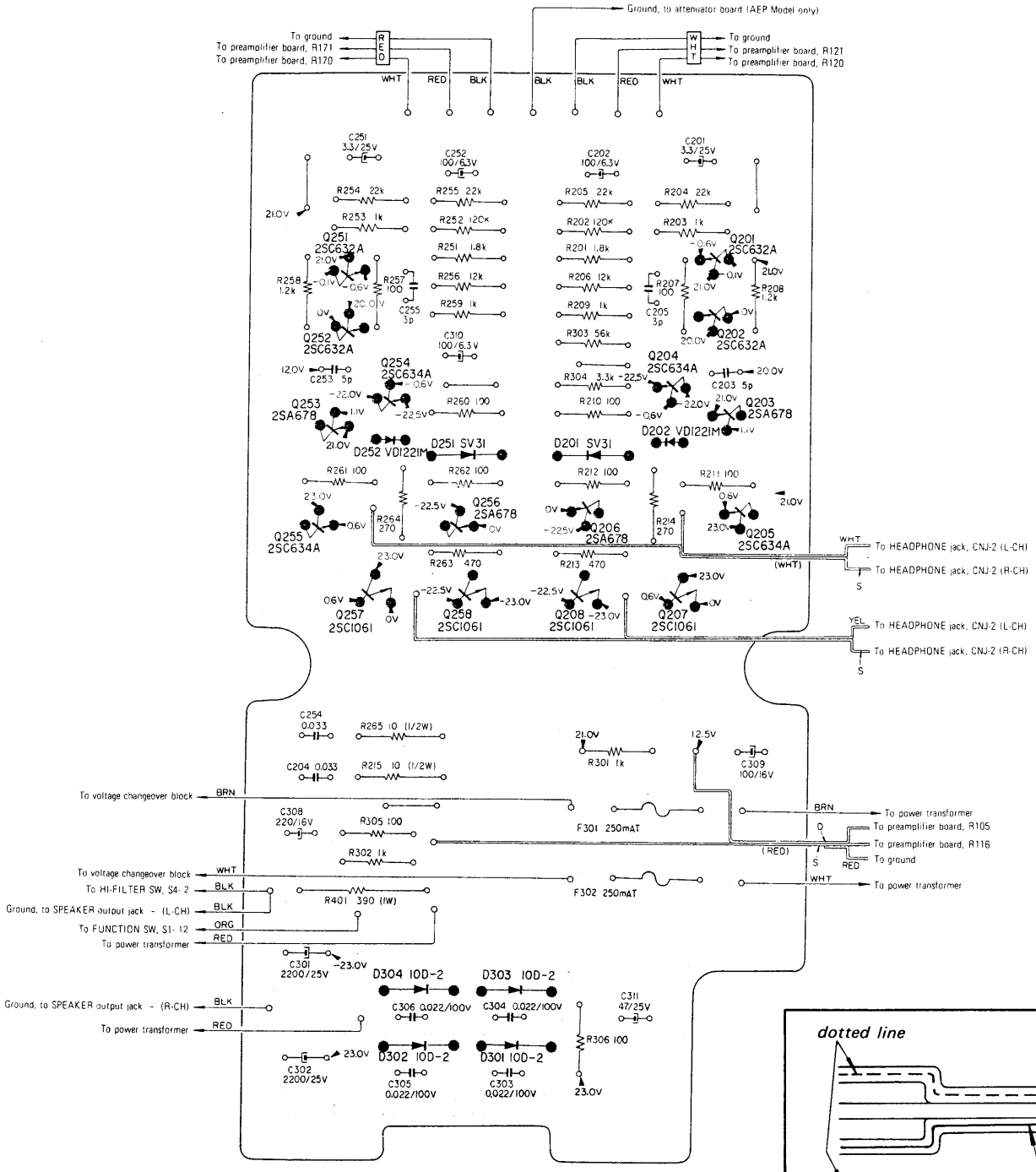
3. PARTS ADDED

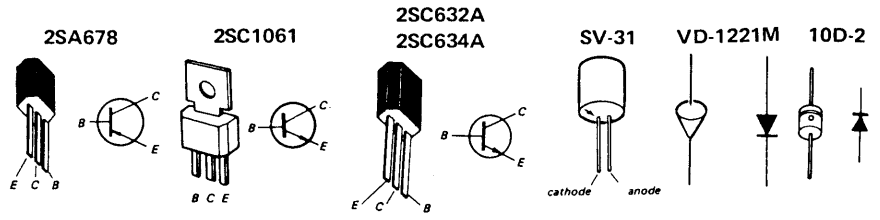
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Applicable Serial No.
C205 (C255)	1-102-940-11	3P ±5% 50V ceramic	AEP Model ... (Serial No. 901,001 and later) UK Model ..... (Serial No. 401,001 and later)

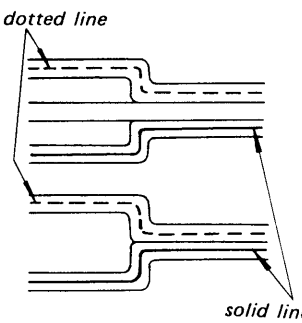
Note: Though two kinds of circuit boards exist for Power Amplifier board, listed part number is for only the latest one since it is interchangeable with old one.

4. MOUNTING DIAGRAM – Power Amplifier Board –

AEP Model..... Serial No. 901,001 and later
UK Model ..... Serial No. 401,001 and later



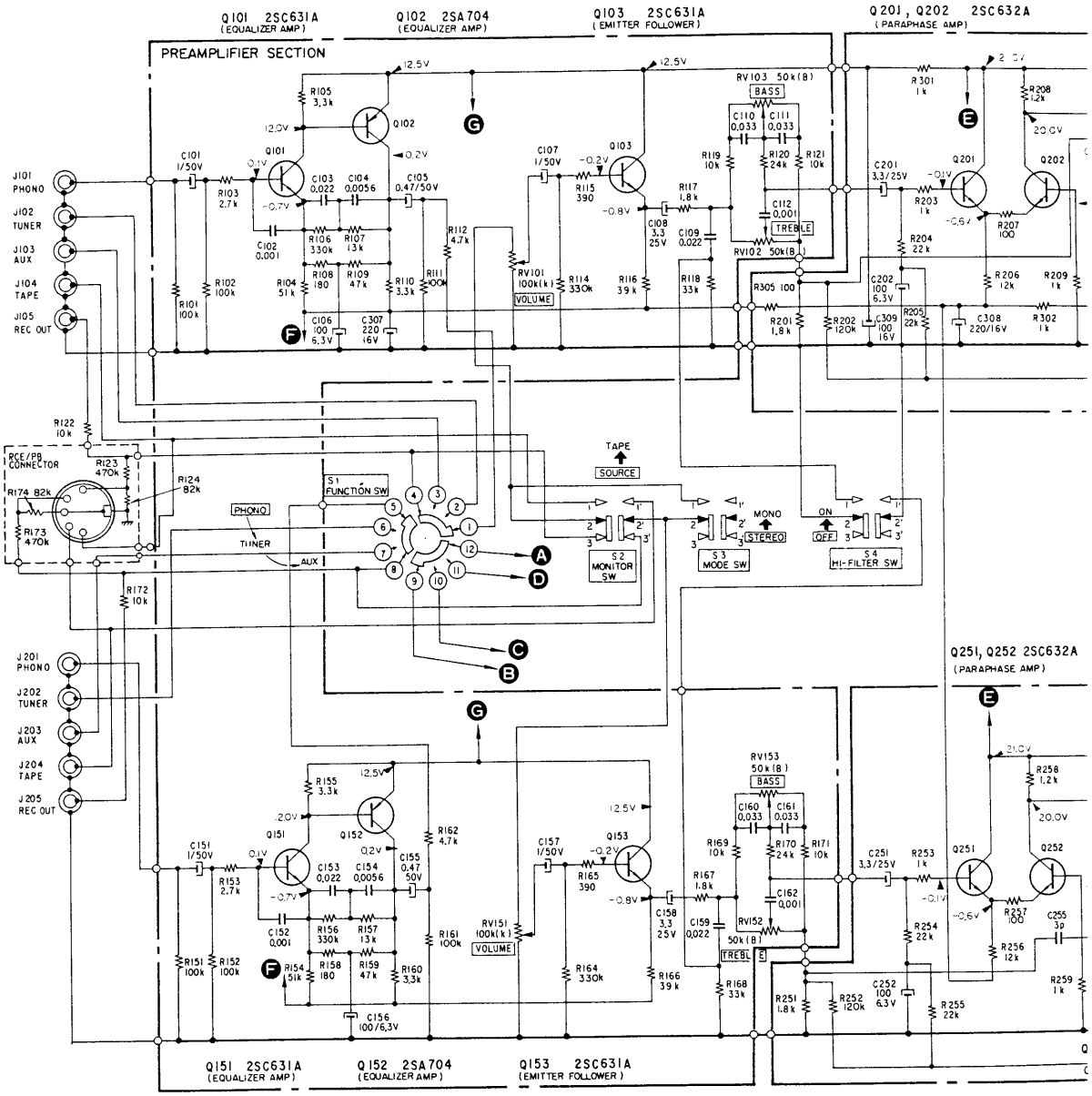




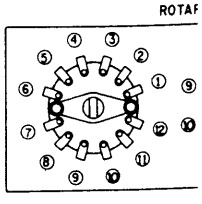
Note: The lead wires identified by letter D and S mean that D is a black dotted line and S is a black solid line stencilled on the leads as shown.

5. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

AEP Model..... Serial No. 901,001 and later
UK Model ..... Serial No. 401,001 and later



Ref. No.	Description	Position	Ref. No.	Description	Position
S1	FUNCTION SW (PHONO-TUNER-AUX)	PHONO	S4	HI-FILTER SW (ON-OFF)	OFF
S2	MONITOR SW (SOURCE-TAPE)	SOURCE	S5	POWER SW (ON-OFF)	OFF
S3	MODE SW (STEREO-MONO)	STEREO			



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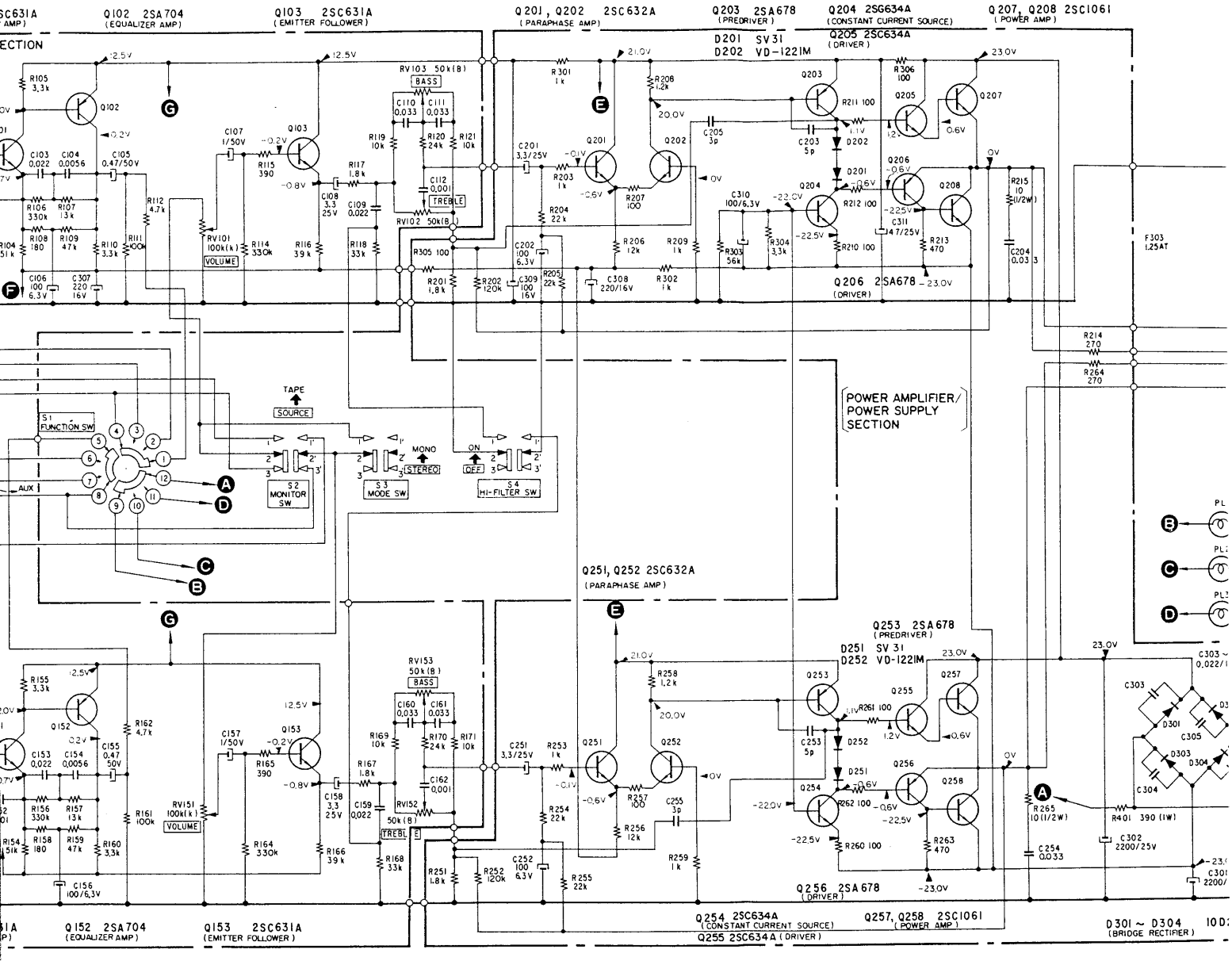
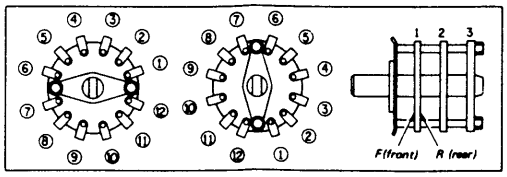


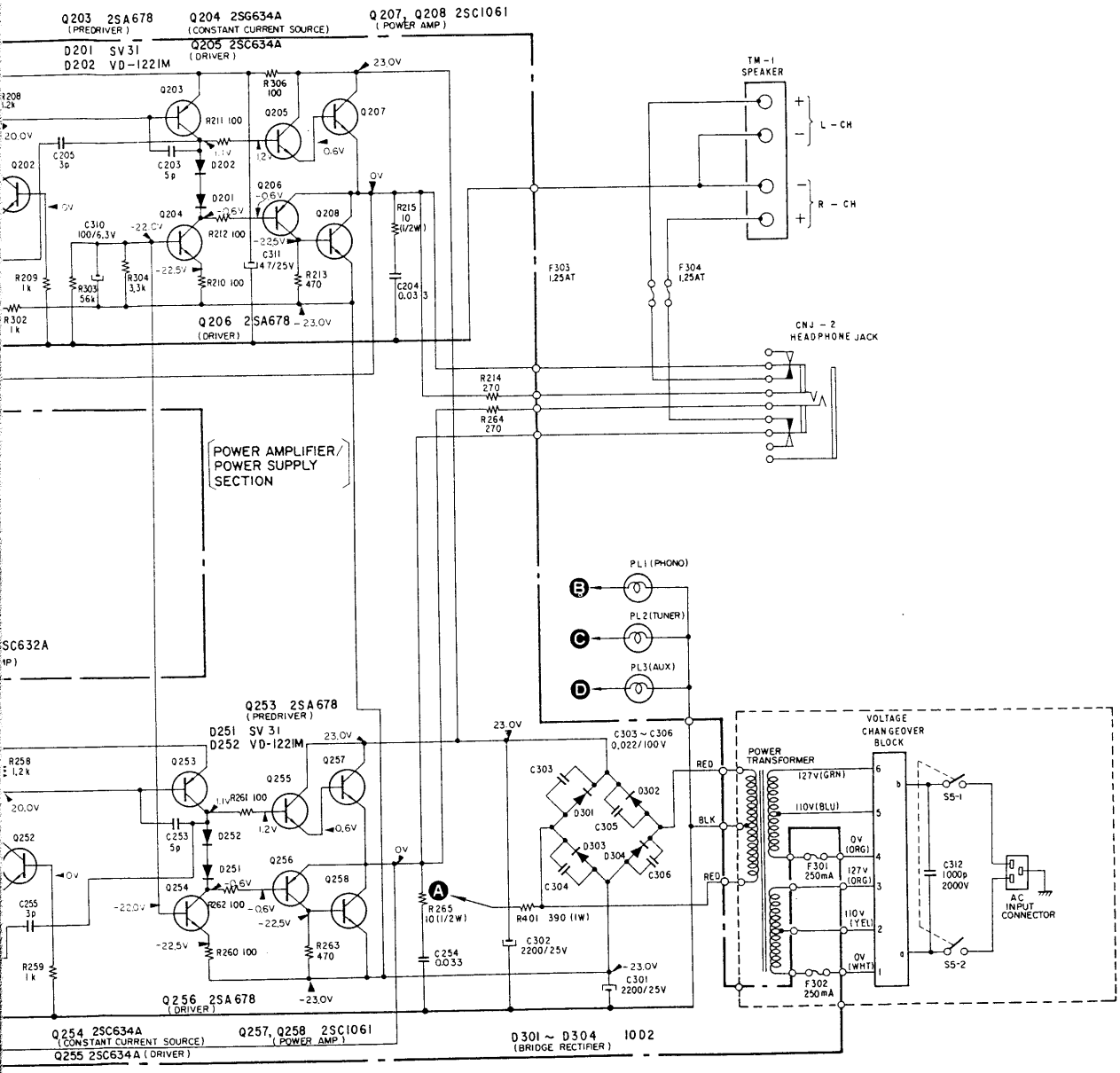
Position	Ref. No.	Description	Position
PHONO	S4	HI-FILTER SW (ON-OFF)	OFF
OURCE	S5	POWER SW (ON-OFF)	OFF
TEREO			

ROTARY SWITCH INDEX

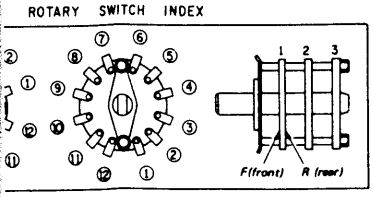


Note:

All resistance values are in oh
All capacitance values are in μF which means μμF.
All voltages represent an avera within ±20%.
All voltages are dc measured input impedance of 20 kohms/



ROTARY SWITCH INDEX



Note:

All resistance values are in ohms. k = 1,000, M = 1,000 k
All capacitance values are in μF except as indicated with p, which means μμF.
All voltages represent an average value and should hold within ±20%.
All voltages are dc measured with a VOM which has an input impedance of 20 k ohms/volt. No signal in.

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